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### SOVIET UNION

# 1. TASS correspondent again comments on US-Soviet relations: In a mid-June conversation which he initiated with a reliable American newspaperman, Yuri

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that the Americans are rebuffing Russian efforts to promote peaceful discussions at every point. As an example,
he cited the American attitude toward a four-power conference on
Germany. When queried as to whether he believed that the Americans
wanted war, Zhukov replied that there was no other conclusion the
Russians could draw, but that "we shall continue to make every effort
for peaceful discussion and peaceful solutions even until the guns go off."

The American newspaperman commented that this was the first time Zhukov had ever implied so openly that he believed a war would eventually come.

Comment: This conversation differs somewhat from several others last year when Zhukov appeared to be seeking information on such matters as American rearmament, policies in the Far East, and military activity in the Near East. In this case, Zhukov was apparently trying to bring about a more receptive attitude toward negotiations with the USSR, which the West had not then proposed, by emphasizing the dangers of US intransigence.

2. Soviet poster boasts of downing three US planes:

Ambassador Kennan reports the appearance in Moscow of a new poster picturing three American planes being shot down by Soviet fighters. Excerpts from Pravda printed on

Zhukov, TASS correspondent in Paris, said

the poster identify one as the B-29 lost over the Baltic on 5 April 1950, the second as the patrol bomber lost in the Far East in November 1951, and the third as the C-47 which landed in Hungary late last fall.

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Comment: The Soviet notes after the first two incidents did not admit that these planes had been shot down. However, the decoration of Soviet pilots subsequent to each of these incidents was the Kremlin's indirect way of both warning the West and reassuring the Soviet people as to the inviolability of Soviet borders. The fact that the Soviet Government now publicizes these actions represents, in the opinion of Ambassador Kennan, a studied insult.

#### FAR EAST

## 3. Chinese reaffirm demand for return of all POW's in Korea:

A Chinese Communist foreign affairs official recently told the Indian Charge in Peiping that his government would insist on repatriation of all Chinese POW's held by the United Nations and that any screening was unacceptable. The Chinese official violently abused the UN Command for the Yalu River bombing, characterizing it as "19th century gunboat tactics."

Comment: Despite a more agressive tone at the talks and in their propaganda, there is no indication that the Communists are contemplating terminating the negotiations.

4. Chinese Communists still fighting in Indochina:

The campaign by Chinese Communist forces in support of a Viet Minh regiment against tribal guerrillas in northwestern Tonkin is	50X1
still continuing,	50X1
Despite supply problems, combined	50X1

Communist troops have forced the French-supported Meo guerrillas to retreat and now have them encircled.

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	mated 5,000 to 6,0 as pure	000 men, has been ly local military	aid to hard-presse	
is indicative of C	A Chinese invas This incu China's apparent w border, at least in ps are not preser	rsion, however, villingness to disi n areas where re	like previous one egard the integri	

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## SOUTH ASIA

# 6. India and Pakistan agree to further talks on Kashmir:

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Both India and Pakistan have agreed to UN Representative Graham's latest suggestion for a meeting at ministerial level on Kashmir. India, however, has requested that the talks

be delayed until early August.

Comment: By accepting Graham's suggestion, India and Pakistan avoid the onus of breaking off negotiations. India's request that a meeting be delayed until August, however, suggests that it is no more eager to reach a settlement now than it has been in the past.

#### NEAR EAST - AFRICA

## 7. Iranian Communists prominent in Tehran riots:

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The American Embassy in Tehran reports that in the recent rioting the Tudeh supplied the most aggressive elements in the mobs, planned the most successful street tactics, and was

responsible for the anti-Shah and anti-American slogans.

The Communists have attempted to take full credit for leading the fight against "imperialism" and reportedly are trying to secure a formal alliance with the National Front. Ambassador Henderson states that National Front leaders realize their debt to the Tudeh, but that Majlis deputies are reasserting their loyalty to the Shah and discouraging further anti-Shah agitation.

Comment: Previous temporary Tudeh cooperation with the National Front has not promoted the Communist cause to any extent. It is unlikely that Mossadeq, who is now in a stronger position than ever before, would permit collaboration which might threaten his control of the government.

- 6 -

	Ambassador Henderson warns that the United States should be prepared to withdraw its military and its gendarmerie missions from Iran. He recalls that in early July Mossadeq told the litary mission was straining the Iranian budget and ary aid was increasing the cost of maintaining the
sistance, he is not	The Ambassador is inclined to believe that q's long-standing opposition to foreign military as-likely to favor retention of the Military Aid Advisory t costs Iran nothing.
	Comment: Minister of Court Ala believes that
<del>-</del>	obtain whatever he desires from parliament. He also hah cannot refuse Mossadeq's requests.
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	King Farouk has repeatedly advised Ambassador Caffery not to underestimate the seriousness of the situation in Egypt. He stated that Cairo was "gone" and that he did not know what would happen in Alexandria. "If anything is to be done," the King warned, "it must be done at once."
intervene with for confused, it app	Meanwhile the British Foreign Office has inge in Cairo to inform Farouk that Britain can "not orce in what appears to be an internal Egyptian problem."  Comment: While the situation still remains ears that at least temporarily a working arrangement ed among the King, General Nagib, leader of the coup,
and Prime Minis	ster Ali Maher.
and Prime Minis	ster Ali Maher.
and Prime Minis	ster Ali Maher.
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	EASTERN EUROPE
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13.	First mass deportations from Czechoslovak city reported:
	Reports of mass deportations from Bratislava
	on the Slovakian-Austrian frontier have been
	circulating in Prague for the past week. The
	American Embassy has been informed that thus far about 400 families have been given
L	48 hours to prepare for movement to unspecified destinations.
	The Embassy believes that the deportations are designed to make living quarters now occupied by "capitalists and non-productive elements" available to workers and Communists.
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Comment: This is the first report of mass deportations from a Czech city. During the past year evacuations are known to have been ordered from restricted border zones in western and southern Bohemia.

In addition to the economic and political reasons given by the Embassy, it is probable that Bratislava, located at the southeastern end of the Czech border fortification line, is considered a strategic center. Two weeks ago, border guards ended free movement of Czechs between Bratislava and the Petrzalka area of Czechoslovakia across the Danube.

#### WESTERN EUROPE

# 14. Italy objects to announcement of projected aid to Yugoslavia:

Premier de Gasperi has complained to the American and British Ambassadors that the announcement that additional economic and military aid is planned for Yugoslavia,

following so closely Tito's statement that the time was not opportune for resuming negotiations on Trieste, has created an "unfortunate" impression in Italy.

When the American Ambassador pointed out that the contemplated aid to Yugoslavia was relatively small in comparison with what had already been given to Italy, the Prime Minister rejoined that he thought it essential to keep the "proper balance between Italy's role and that of Yugoslavia."

De Gasperi "presumed" that there were plans for the defense of the Balkans which would involve Yugoslavia, Greece, and Turkey, and said that he would like to be informed of their nature, because of Italy's "important and key role!" there.